

(2019)

MATH 2022 Week 10 Worksheet

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Q1/ What is a basis for a vector space?

What is the dimension of a vector space?

True or False :

(i) $\{(1,2), (2,1)\}$ is a basis for \mathbb{R}^2 . T F

(ii) $\{(1,2), (2,1)\}$ is a basis for \mathbb{Z}_5^2 . T F

(iii) $\{(1,2), (2,1)\}$ is a basis for \mathbb{Z}_3^2 . T F

(iv) $\{(1,2,3), (4,5,6), (7,8,9)\}$
↓
is a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 . T F

Hint: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \sim$

Q2/ Let $B = \{(1,2), (2,1)\}$,

$$\underline{u} = (1,0), \quad \underline{v} = (0,1), \quad \underline{w} = (1,1).$$

Row reduce

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim$$

(a) Working over \mathbb{R} , find

$$[\underline{u}]_B = \quad, \quad [\underline{v}]_B =$$

$$[\underline{w}]_B = [\underline{u}]_B + [\underline{v}]_B =$$

(b) Working over \mathbb{Z}_5 , find

$$[\underline{u}]_B = \quad, \quad [\underline{v}]_B =$$

$$[\underline{w}]_B = [\underline{u}]_B + [\underline{v}]_B =$$

Q3/ Working over \mathbb{Z}_3 , put

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Row reduce M :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Row reduce M^T :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c) What is the rank of M ?

What is the nullity of M ?

(d) Find the null space M^\perp of M :

(e) Find a basis for M^\perp :

Q4/ Working over \mathbb{Z}_5 , put

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Row reduce M :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \sim$$

(b) What is the rank of M ?

What is the nullity of M ?

(c) Find the null space M^\perp of M :

(d) Find a basis for M^\perp :

Q5/ Working over \mathbb{Z}_5 , find the rank and nullity of

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

and a basis for M^\perp .

Solution :

Q6/ (a) Find the following cross-product :

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} =$$

and hence write down the equation of the plane through the origin spanned by

$$\underline{v} = (1, 2, 3) \quad , \quad \underline{w} = (2, -3, 4) :$$



(b) Row reduce to reduced row echelon form :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

and use this to find the span of \underline{v} and \underline{w} :

$$\langle \underline{v}, \underline{w} \rangle =$$

Q6/ (c) Use part (b) to deduce the equation of the plane \mathcal{P} through the origin containing $(1, 2, 3)$ and $(2, -3, 4)$:



(d) Row reduce the following:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 8 & -5 & 18 \end{bmatrix} \sim$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \sim$$

(e) True or False :

(i) $(8, -5, 18) \in \mathcal{P}$

T F

(ii) $(3, 1, 8) \in \mathcal{P}$

T F

Q7/ Row reduce the following :

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 8 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 & -5 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 18 & 8 \end{array} \right] \sim$$

True or False :

(i) $(8, -5, 18)$ is a linear combination of $(1, 2, 3)$ and $(2, -3, 4)$. T F

(ii) $(3, 1, 8)$ is a linear combination of $(1, 2, 3)$ and $(2, -3, 4)$. T F

For the true statement, find the linear combination: