

THE UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY
FACULTIES OF ARTS, ECONOMICS, EDUCATION AND SCIENCE

MATH2069
DISCRETE MATHEMATICS & GRAPH THEORY PAPER 2 GRAPH THEORY

June/July 2007

LECTURER: WD Palmer

TIME ALLOWED: **One and a half hours**

Name:

SID: Seat Number:

This examination has two sections: Multiple Choice and Extended Answer.

The Multiple Choice Section is worth 30% of the total examination;
there are 24 questions; the questions are of equal value;
all questions may be attempted.

Answers to the Multiple Choice questions must be coded onto
the Multiple Choice Answer Sheet.

The Extended Answer Section is worth 70% of the total examination;
there are 7 questions; the marks for each question are shown;
all questions may be attempted;
working must be shown.

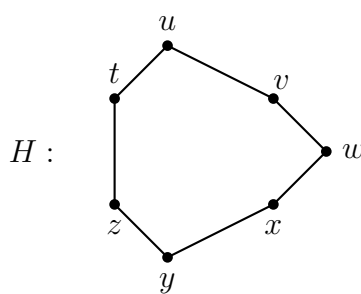
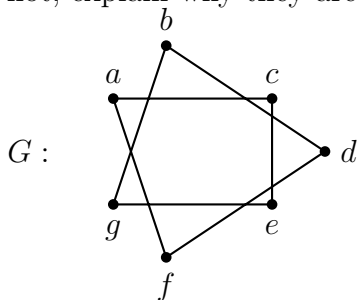
**THE QUESTION PAPER MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM THE
EXAMINATION ROOM.**

Extended Answer Section

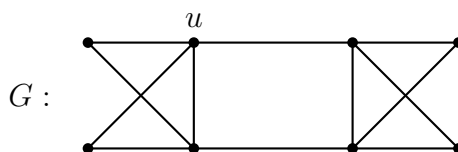
Answer these questions in the answer book(s) provided.

Ask for extra books if you need them.

1. (a) [3 Marks] Let u and v be (not necessarily distinct) vertices of a graph G . Carefully define the terms: a uv -walk; uv -trail and a uv -path.
- (b) [3 Marks] Prove that every uv -walk contains a uv -path.
- (c) [3 Marks] Prove that if the graph G is disconnected then its complement \overline{G} is connected.
- (d) [3 Marks] Let G be a simple graph of order 12 and size 28. The degree of each vertex of G is either 3 or 5. Find the degree sequence of G .
- (e) [3 Marks] The graphs G and H , with vertex-sets $V(G)$ and $V(H)$, are drawn below. Determine whether or not G and H drawn below are isomorphic. If they are isomorphic, give a function $g : V(G) \rightarrow V(H)$ that defines the isomorphism. If they are not, explain why they are not.

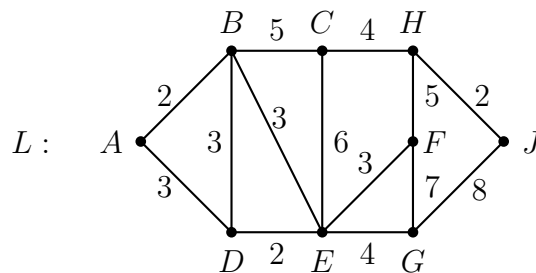


2. Consider the graph G which is drawn below:



- (a) [1 Marks] Copy and complete Euler's Theorem: "A connected graph is Eulerian ..."
- (b) [2 Marks] Use Euler's Theorem to show that G drawn above is Eulerian.
- (c) [3 Marks] Describe and apply Fleury's algorithm for finding an Eulerian circuit in G . Use vertex u as the starting point in your construction.

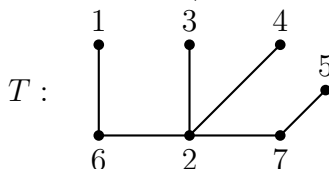
3. (a) [2 Marks] Let F be a forest of order n which consists of k trees. Find the size of F .



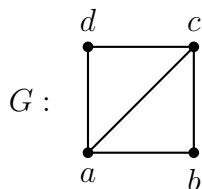
- (b) [3 Marks] Describe Krusal's algorithm for finding a minimum weight spanning tree for an edge weighted graph. Use the Krusal's algorithm to find a minimum weight spanning tree for the weighted graph above. Write down the weight of the minimum weight spanning tree.
- (c) [3 Marks] Make a copy of the graph L . Use Dijkstra's algorithm to add to your copy a label to each vertex, showing the least weight of all paths from A to that vertex. (in your working, show all temporary and permanent labels.) Hence determine all least weight paths from A to J .
4. (a) [2 Marks] Sketch a labelled graph whose adjacency matrix A is given by:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

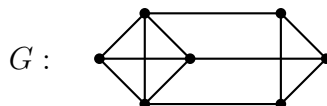
- (b) [4 Marks] Form the Prüfer sequence for the given labelled tree, T , and draw the labelled tree whose Prüfer sequence is $(3, 2, 2, 2, 4)$.



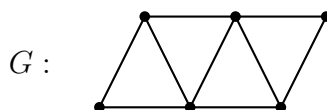
- (c) [2 Marks] State the Matrix-Tree Theorem.
- (d) [3 Marks] Use the Matrix-Tree Theorem to determine the number of spanning trees for the graph G drawn below.



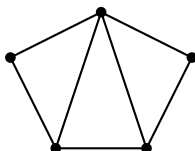
5. (a) [1 Marks] Define the chromatic number $\chi(G)$ of the graph G .
- (b) [3 Marks] Let G be any graph with maximum vertex-degree $\Delta(G)$. Prove that $\chi(G) \leq \Delta(G) + 1$ for any graph G .
- (c) [3 Marks] State Brooks' Theorem. Applying Brooks' Theorem, or otherwise, find the chromatic number of the graph G which is shown below:



6. (a) [1 Marks] Define the chromatic index (or edge chromatic number) of a graph.
- (b) [2 Marks] State Vizing's theorem on chromatic index.
- (c) [3 Marks] Find, supplying your reasons, the chromatic index for the graph given below:



- (d) [5 Marks] State the two reduction formulae for chromatic polynomials of simple graphs. Using one of these formulae, or otherwise, find the chromatic polynomial for the following graph.



7. (a) [3 Marks] State and prove Euler's Formula for a connected plane graph of order n , size e and with f faces.
- (b) [3 Marks] Let G , of order n , be a connected 3-regular plane graph in which every vertex lies on one face of length 4, one face of length 6 and one face of length 8. Determine the number of faces of G .
- (c) [3 Marks] Show that the order of a self-complementary simple graph is either $4k$ or $4k + 1$, where k is a positive integer.
- (d) [3 Marks] Show that $K_{n,n}$ is Hamiltonian if and only if $n \geq 2$. Hence show that $K_{n,n}$ has $\frac{n!(n-1)!}{2}$ Hamiltonian cycles.

End of Extended Answer Section