

Eg 5.2

I formulate the problem.

Derivation of series for  $\sin^2 x$ .

$$1. \quad \sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin^2 x &= \left( x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots \right)^2 \\ &= x^2 - 2 \frac{x^4}{3!} + \left\{ \frac{x^6}{(3!)^2} + 2 \frac{x^6}{5!} \right\} + \dots \\ &= x^2 - \frac{2}{3!} x^4 + \left\{ \frac{1}{(3!)^2} + \frac{2}{5!} \right\} x^6 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \quad \sin 0 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} \sin^2 x &= 2 \sin x \cos x = \sin 2x \\ &= 2x - \frac{2^3 x^3}{3!} + \frac{2^5 x^5}{5!} - \dots \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{(2x)^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} \end{aligned}$$

Integrate from  $x=0$  to  $x$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
\sin^2 x - \sin^2_0 &= \int_0^x \frac{d}{dt} \sin^2 t \, dt \\
&= \int_0^x \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{(2t)^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} \, dt \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} \int_0^x t^{2k+1} \, dt \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} \frac{x^{2k+2}}{2k+2} \\
&= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n)!} 2^{2n-1} x^{2n} \quad (n=k+1) \\
&= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n
\end{aligned}$$

$u_n := \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n)!} 2^{2n-1} x^{2n}$   
 $u$  is defined by

We can derive a recurrence formula for  $u_n$ :

$$\frac{u_n}{u_{n-1}} = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n)!} 2^{2n-1} x^{2n}$$


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$$\frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-2)!} 2^{2n-3} x^{2n-2}$$

$$= - \frac{4x^2}{2n(2n-1)}$$

$$= - \frac{x^2}{n(n-\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u_n = - \frac{x^2}{n(n-\frac{1}{2})} u_{n-1}, \quad n=2, 3, 4, \dots \\ u_1 = x^2 \end{array} \right.$$

From  $n=1$ , we need  $u_0$ :  $u_0$  is not strictly defined but  $n=1$  gives

$$x^2 = u_1 = - \frac{x^2}{1(1-\frac{1}{2})} u_0 = -2x^2 u_0$$

i.e.  $u_0 = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u_n = - \frac{x^2}{n(n-\frac{1}{2})} u_{n-1}, \quad n=1, 2, 3, \dots \\ u_0 = -\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

Define  $S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n u_k$ , is the ④  
n<sup>th</sup> partial sum. The sequence for  
these is

$$S_n = S_{n-1} + u_n \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$S_0 = 0.$$

This is stage I.

II/ Coarse pseudo-code.

$$u_1 = x^2, \quad S_1 = u_1$$

Do  $n = 2, N$

$$u_n = - \frac{x^2}{n(n - \frac{1}{2})} u_{n-1}$$

$$S_n = S_{n-1} + u_n$$

ENDDO

! OUTPUT RESULTS

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Alternatives

$$y \quad u_0 = -\frac{1}{2}, \quad S_0 = 0$$

Do  $n = 1, N$

$$u_n = - \frac{x^2}{n(n - \frac{1}{2})} u_{n-1}$$

$$S_n = S_{n-1} + u_n$$

ENDDO

! OUTPUT RESULTS

2/

DO  $n=1, N$ IF  $(n=1)$  THEN

$$u_1 = x^2$$

$$S_1 = u_1$$

ELSE

$$u_n = - \frac{x^2}{n(n-\frac{1}{2})} \quad u_{n-1}$$

$$S_n = S_{n-1} + u_n$$

ENDIF

ENDDO

! OUTPUT RESULTS

III/

Skip

#### IV/ PROGRAM Sin xsq series

! Description: evaluate  $(\sin x)^2$  using  
! its Taylor series about  $x=0$ .

! Declare variables:

INTEGER :: n, nmax = 7

REAL :: u, S, sinxsq, abserror

! Header:

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WRITE(*,*) '          COMPARISON ...'
WRITE(*,*) 'NUMBER    SERIES ...'
WRITE(*,*) 'OF TERMS    ...'
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! Prompt for x:

WRITE(\*,\*) 'Enter x:'

READ(\*,\*) x

! Exact value:

sinxsq = sin(x)\*\*2

! Initialise loop:

$$u = x * x \quad ! \text{ or } x * x^2$$

⑧

$$S = u$$

! Main loop:

$$\text{DO } n = 2, n_{\text{max}} \quad ! N = n_{\text{max}}$$

$$u = -x * x * u / (n * (n - 0.5))$$

$$S = S + u$$

$$\text{abserror} = \text{abs}(S - \sin x^2)$$

WRITE (\*, 10) n, S,  $\sin x^2$ , abserror

10 FORMAT (I5, T20, F8.5, T30, F8.5, T40, E11.5)

ENDDO

WRITE (\*, \*) 'Series = ', S

STOP

END

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PROGRAM SINESQUARED
! Partial sums of series for sin squared.
!
! Initializations
!   X=2
!   PRINT*, 'ENTER X-VALUE:'
!   READ*, X
!   SIN2X=SIN(X)**2
!   X2=X**2
!   SUM=0
!
! Readings
!   PRINT 10
10  FORMAT('          COMPARISON OF VALUES OF SINE-SQUARED'//&
!         ' NUMBER          SERIES          INTRINSIC          ABSOLUTE'//&
!         ' OF TERMS        SUMMATION        FUNCTION          DIFFERENCE')
!   Cols          12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
!
! Form partial sums and print requisite values
!   DO 1 N=1,1000
!   IF(N.EQ.1) THEN
!     TERM=X2
!     SUM=TERM
!   ELSE
!     TERM=-TERM*2*X**2/(N*(2*N-1))
!     IF(ABS(TERM)<ABS(SUM)*1E-6) STOP
!     SUM=SUM+TERM
!   ENDIF
1   PRINT 100, N, SUM, SIN2X, ABS(SIN2X-SUM)
100  FORMAT(T4,I3,T16,F20.5,T31,F12.5,T46,F12.5)
!
END

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*Sub 2.87 with X=2*

! ENTER X-VALUE:  
!15

COMPARISON OF VALUES OF SINE-SQUARED

NUMBER OF TERMS	SERIES SUMMATION	INTRINSIC FUNCTION	ABSOLUTE DIFFERENCE
1	225.	0.42287	224.57713
2	-16650.	0.42287	16650.42383
3	489600.	0.42287	489599.56250
4	-7646560.	0.42287	*****
5	73715048.	0.42287	*****
6	-481023200.	0.42287	*****
7	2262187776.	0.42287	*****
8	-8024853504.	0.42287	*****
9	22231150592.	0.42287	*****
10	-49427812352.	0.42287	*****
11	90167574528.	0.42287	*****
12	-137433595904.	0.42287	*****
13	177706483712.	0.42287	*****
14	-197460279296.	0.42287	*****
15	190643290112.	0.42287	*****
16	-161466793984.	0.42287	*****
17	120974426112.	0.42287	*****
18	-80769302528.	0.42287	*****
19	48369639424.	0.42287	*****
20	-26133594112.	0.42287	*****
21	12805378048.	0.42287	*****
22	-5717389312.	0.42287	*****
23	2335987712.	0.42287	*****
24	-876795648.	0.42287	*****
25	303410432.	0.42287	*****
26	-97112000.	0.42287	*****
27	28838448.	0.42287	*****
28	-7965252.	0.42287	*****
29	205392.	0.42287	*****
30	-493339.	0.42287	493339.43750
31	112826.	0.42287	112826.26563
32	-22478.	0.42287	22478.58008
33	5907.	0.42287	5907.05176
34	300.	0.42287	299.70602
35	1344.	0.42287	1344.55310
36	1161.	0.42287	1160.60120
37	1191.	0.42287	1191.24854
38	1186.	0.42287	1186.40955
39	1187.	0.42287	1187.13464
40	1187.	0.42287	1187.03137
41	1187.	0.42287	1187.04541
42	1187.	0.42287	1187.04358

*~10"*

*N=40*

*↑  
multiplication*