MATH 595 Tuesday 17 April

More practice with embeddings of curves; the canonical embedding

(1) Exercise IV.3.6 Curves of degree 1

(For this question, you can use the results of exercises 3.4 and 3.5 without proof.)

- (a) If X is a curve of degree 4 in some \mathbb{P}^n , not contained in any hyperplane, show that we must be in one of the following situations:
 - (i) g = 0: in this case X is either the rational normal quartic in \mathbb{P}^4 or the rational quartic curve in \mathbb{P}^3 ;
 - (ii) $X \subset \mathbb{P}^2$: in this case g = 3; or
 - (iii) $X \subset \mathbb{P}^3$: in this case g = 1.
- (b) In the case g = 1, show that g is a complete intersection of two irreducible quadric surfaces in \mathbb{P}^3 . (Hint: use the exact sequence associated to $X \subset \mathbb{P}^3$ to compute the dimension of

(Hint: use the exact sequence associated to $X \subset \mathbb{P}^{o}$ to compute the dimension of $H^{0}(X, \mathscr{I}_{X}(2))$, and thus conclude that X is contained in at least two irreducible quadric surfaces.)

(2) **Exercise IV.5.1** Show that a hyperelliptic curve can never be a complete intersection in any projective space.